

# WATERSHEDS BC Data Dictionary

*May 2001*



**BRITISH  
COLUMBIA**

**Ministry of Environment  
Lands and Parks**  
Geographic Data BC

## NOTE TO USERS

This Users Guide, Version 2, documents results of *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product*, which will be complete in the Summer 1999. This Users Guide is also a revision of the previous Users Guide (Version 1, May 1998) formally referred to as the *Watershed Ranking Tool (WRT)*. This project will be ongoing; subsequent versions will be produced as more up-to-date data becomes available.

Any questions or comments should be directed to the following:

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The purpose of *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* is “to provide decision makers with easy-to-use information about the land, water and resources of the Province.” Information from province-wide GIS databases has been summarized on a watershed basis with the results presented in a spreadsheet format. Approximately 420 measurements are calculated for each watershed with many pertaining to the impacts of forest harvesting. Detailed definitions for these 420 measurements form the bulk of this document.

This product is unique in that it will hold an extensive baseline of information for all watersheds in BC. Watersheds can then be ranked, compared and analysed on a wide range of parameters at both local and regional scales. This quantitative information provides resource managers with a baseline of information for assessment and future monitoring purposes.

A major advantage of *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* is the consistency of the calculations for all the watersheds on a province-wide scale. All calculations are performed to the same degree of confidence in both an analytical and methodological perspective.

## **SOURCE DATA**

### ***Watershed Atlas***

The watersheds used in *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* are from the Watershed Atlas created by BC Fisheries. The Watershed Atlas is available to all from the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks' ftp site (ftp.env.gov.bc.ca). The watershed boundaries are derived from paper Federal NTS 1:50,000 base mapping. Watersheds that are third order or higher (based on Strahler's method) have been delineated and assigned a code, including some lower order watersheds where low order streams drain directly into a major river, lake or ocean. The watershed code allows upstream / downstream analysis and amalgamation. The average size of this watershed is about 3000 hectares with a total of about 30,000 for BC. All watersheds smaller than 50 hectares have been excluded from processing in the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product*.

The Watershed Atlas has recently gone through a small revision since *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* results were produced (due to small errors detected by users in the first year of wide distribution). Therefore the delivery of the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* results include an older version of the watershed units (the "LWSD" layer) that was used when the results were created. This ensures that there will be no mismatch between the watershed code in *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* spreadsheet and the watershed code of the corresponding watershed from the Watershed Atlas.

### **Blueline Streams**

The "blueline streams" are extracted from the Watershed Atlas which is based on the paper Federal NTS 1:50,000 mapping and are the streams that the watershed boundaries are based on. Because of the scale difference there are usually fewer blueline streams compared to TRIM streams.

There are two length of streams depicted from the blueline stream. One is the blueline surface water stream length which uses the codes 1000, 1050, 1100, 1150, 1250, 1350, 2000 and 2300. This length represents primary and secondary flows in streams and double-line rivers. Construction lines through waterbodies and as sub-surface flow are not included. This length is also used to calculate attributes relating the mainstem and headwater streams of a watershed. The other length that is used is the route length which is the network the Fish Information Summary System and the Macro-reaches is built from. This length uses the

codes 1000, 1050, 1100, 1150, 1200, 1250, 1300, 1350, 1400, 1410, 1425, 2000 and 2300. This length represents all the same lengths as described above but also includes the flow length through a waterbody and construction lines. This length is used to calculate attributes related to the Fish Information Summary System and the Macro-reaches.

### ***Fish Information Summary System***

The Fish Information Summary System (FISS) was obtained from the Ministry of Fisheries ftp site. The zones were digitized off of paper Federal NTS 1:50,000 mapping and are linked to the 1:50,000 blueline streams that the watershed boundaries are based on (Watershed Atlas). The fish distribution zones reflect known zones of salmon, sport fish and other fish species. Within the salmon category, included are Chinook, Chum, Coho, Pink, Kokanee and Sockeye. These are all anadromous with the exception of Kokanee salmon which can be resident or fluvial. All activity codes are included in the fish lengths but duplicate lengths have been removed.

The lengths of known fish distributions are based on the blueline route length, see codes listed above in section 2.1.1. These lengths include the lengths of waterbodies. However, there are cases when the FISS is combined with BTM Land Use data to identify stream side land use types, that fish lengths in waterbodies may be lost. The FISS data is represented as a single flow line drawn through the middle of a waterbody at 1:50,000 scale. When this line overlaps and waterbody from the BTM Land Use mapping at 1:250,000 scale, it is not possible to obtain the land use type next to the fish length because the result would be zero. Therefore we have also included attributes representing fish lengths that fall in BTM Land Use waterbodies (WFRE and WSAL; fresh water and salt water).

### ***Macro-Reaches***

The Macro-reach coverage was obtained from the Ministry of Fisheries ftp site. The zones were digitized off of paper Federal NTS 1:50,000 mapping and are linked to the 1:50,000 blueline streams that the watershed boundaries are based on (Watershed Atlas). The macro-reaches are also based on the blueline route length therefore lengths include flows through a waterbody, see codes listed above in section 2.1.1. The reaches are broken down by parts of a stream which have a repetitive set of similar characteristics such as stream gradient, discharge, substrate type, channel type, position in landscape and valley flat width from NTS 1:50,000 maps. The gradient field is used to display stream lengths and logged stream lengths in specific gradient ranges of 0-2, 2-8, 8-12, 12-16, 16-20 and >20%.

### ***TRIM Base Mapping***

The *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* uses roads and rivers from the 1:20 000 TRIM base map database for BC. Topographic attributes (of which gradient categories are the most important) are obtained from a raster (25 metre pixel) of elevations derived from the irregular elevation points in the TRIM database.

## TRIM Roads and Streams

Roads and rivers in the TRIM database are mapped to an accuracy of +/- 10 metres horizontally using photogrammetric techniques. The majority of BC is based on 1987 and 1988 aerial photography. The actual date of the air photography is included as an attribute to the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* results. When the TRIM database was produced only streams greater than 200 metres were included. Therefore there are small streams and intermittent streams that are not mapped in the TRIM database.

TRIM Roads include paved, unpaved and rough roads. Transportation features such as tunnels, bridges and snowsheds are included as the road length. Bridges have been included as a road stream crossing. When a road stream crossing is counted for a double line river, it is only counted once.

The TRIM II program which is updating the TRIM database from new aerial photography is addressing these issues and mapping the new roads and small streams. A Provincial up-date cycle will take about five years. TRIM II information is not included in this version of *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* but will be included in subsequent versions. Not only will the new road mapping give a more current result but the trends in road construction will also be available.

Users will sometimes notice that TRIM streams may cross-watershed boundaries (heights of land). This is to be expected considering the different scales of mapping, watershed boundaries from the Watershed Atlas at 1: 50 000 and streams from TRIM at 1:20 000.

## TRIM DEM

The *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* uses the TRIM 25 metre pixel raster DEM to calculate elevation, aspect and slope. The raster DEM was constructed through a Triangulated Irregular Network (TIN) process that included all of the “breakline” and hydrographic data in the TRIM database, thereby maintaining the accuracy and precision of the TRIM elevation database. The *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* identifies roads, logged areas and streams on potentially unstable slopes characterized by slopes thresholds of >50%, >60% and >70%. Topographic characterizations for each watershed based on elevation, slope and aspect is calculated from the TRIM DEM.

## **BTM Land Use**

The Baseline Thematic Mapping (BTM) Land Use / Ground Cover is an interpretation based on satellite imagery (Landsat TM), air photography, and 1:20 000 MOF forest cover inventory. The mapping was compiled onto a 1:250k NTS base map with a corresponding positional accuracy (+/- 300 metres) and captures areas as small as 15 hectares, therefore essentially capturing all logging. There are 20 broad classes of land use / ground cover identified in the BTM database. Forest land is classified into 5 classes: old forest (>140 yr), young forest (>20 and <140 yr), recently logged (last 20 yr), selectively logged (last 20 yr), and

recently burned (last 20 yr). Logged areas in the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product*, are defined as recently logged and recently burned areas on the coast whereas for the interior, selective logging will also be included. Only lakes or reservoirs over 25 ha in size are included in the fresh water class. Typically the BTM land use is from satellite imagery that is 1 to 4 years old. The date of the satellite image is an attribute that is included in the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* results. As well when the BTM database is up-dated (beginning in 1999/2000) the changes in land use will be added as attributes to the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* results. This will highlight trends in land use change and allow monitoring on a watershed basis.

### BTM Present Land Use Class Definitions

<b>Minimum Areas Mapped</b>	<b>DBASE CODE</b>	<b>Land Use</b>	<b>Definition</b>
15 ha	AGR	<b>Agriculture</b>	Land based agricultural activities undifferentiated as to crop (i.e. land is used as the producing medium).
15 ha	AGMX	<b>Residential Agriculture Mixtures</b>	Areas where agriculture activities are intermixed with residential and other buildings with a building density of between 2 to 0.2 per hectare.
50 ha	ALP	<b>Alpine</b>	Areas virtually devoid of trees at high elevations.
30 ha	AVA	<b>Subalpine Avalanche Chutes</b>	Areas below the tree line that are devoid of forest growth due primarily to snow avalanches. Usually herb or shrub covered.
30 ha	BARE	<b>Barren Surfaces</b>	Rock barrens, badlands, sand and gravel flats, dunes and beaches where unvegetated surfaces predominate.
30 ha	BURN	<b>Recently Burned</b>	Areas virtually devoid of trees due to fire within the past 20 years. Forest less than or equal to 15% cover.
15 ha	EST	<b>Estuaries</b>	Salt water mud flats and intertidal areas at the mouth of rivers and creeks where the vegetation is influenced by frequent flooding (at least yearly).
<b>Minimum Areas Mapped</b>	<b>DBASE CODE</b>	<b>Land Use</b>	<b>Definition</b>

**Mapped**

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<b>50 ha</b>	<b>FO</b>	<b>Old Forest</b>	Forest greater than or equal to 140 years old and greater than 6 meters in height. Areas defined as Recently Logged and Selectively Logged land uses are excluded from this class.
<b>50 ha</b>	<b>FY</b>	<b>Young Forest</b>	Forest less than 140 years old and greater than 6 metres in height. Areas defined as Recently Logged and Selectively Logged land uses are excluded from this class.
<b>50 ha</b>	<b>ICE</b>	<b>Glaciers and Snow</b>	Glaciers and permanent snow. Depending on the date of imagery, ephemeral snow may be included in this class.
<b>15 ha</b>	<b>LOG</b>	<b>Recently Logged</b>	Timber harvesting within the past 20 years, or older if tree cover is less than 40% and under 6 metres in height.
<b>30 ha</b>	<b>LOGS</b>	<b>Selectively Logged</b>	Areas where the practice of selective logging can be clearly interpreted on the Landsat TM image and TRIM aerial photography.
<b>15 ha</b>	<b>MINE</b>	<b>Mining</b>	Land used now (or in the past and remains unreclaimed) for the surface extraction of minerals or quarry materials.
<b>30 ha</b>	<b>RANG</b>	<b>Rangelands</b>	Unimproved pasture and grasslands based on cover rather than use. Cover includes drought tolerant grasses, sedges, and scattered shrubs to 6 metres in height and less than 35% forest cover. Sparse forest stands are included with their understorey of drought tolerant shrubs and herbs.
<b>30 ha</b>	<b>REC</b>	<b>Recreation Activities</b>	Land used for private or public outdoor recreational purposes. Ski resorts and golf courses are included. This class does not include recreational areas within built-up portions of cities, towns and villages, which are mapped as urban areas. This class includes waterfront cottage areas if they are at least 200 metres wide.
<b>15 ha</b>	<b>URB</b>	<b>Urban</b>	All compact settlements including built up areas of cities, towns and villages as well as isolated units away from settlements such as manufacturing plants, rail yards and military camps. In most cases residential use will predominate in these areas. Open space that forms an integral part of the urban agglomeration, e.g. parks, golf courses, etc. are included as urban.
<b>15 ha</b>	<b>WET</b>	<b>Wetlands</b>	Wetlands including swamps, marshes, bogs or fens. This class excludes lands with evidence or knowledge of haying or grazing in drier years.

<b>Minimum Areas Mapped</b>	<b>DBASE CODE</b>	<b>Land Use</b>	<b>Definition</b>
15 ha	WFRE	<b>Fresh Water</b>	Fresh water bodies (lakes, reservoirs and wide portions of major rivers).
15 ha	WSAL	<b>Salt Water</b>	Salt water (oceans). Areas defined as the Estuaries land use are excluded from this class.
15 ha	SHRB	<b>Shrubs</b>	Naturally occurring shrub areas with a least 50% coverage. <u>Not</u> wetlands, shrub covered logged areas (or other man-made disturbance), alpine, subalpine avalanche chutes or rangelands. This class of cover occurs in northern BC on mid-slope positions or along valley bottoms that act as frost pockets. The class also occurs over large areas of northern BC, frequently adjacent to alpine areas where the Ministry of Forests does not recognize the land as having potential to grow merchantable tree species.

### **CDMS**

Scale 1:250 000

### **MinFile**

Scale is 1:50 000. Most of the points are within 500 metres, others are within 1 km or 5 km.

### **Ecosection**

The ecosection coverage was obtained from the BC Environment Ecoregion Ecosystem Classification Units file on the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks Wildlife ftp site. The file is a provincial coverage and was digitized from NTS 1:250 000 scale maps and has a modified resolution of 250 metres. The file was produced in September 1995.

## **BEC**

Resolution is 1:250 000 except for Kamloops 1:100 000 and Prince Rupert region, east of 132 degrees longitude is 1:500 000.

## **Community Watersheds**

The Community Watersheds were obtained from the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks ftp site. The community watersheds are as defined in section 41(8) of the Forest Practices Code. The boundaries were first delineated and then digitized on TRIM contour maps 1:20 000. The resolution is 10 metres. This coverage was downloaded on February 23, 1999, the last change occurred to the file on February 19, 1999.

## **Ministry of Forests: District and Region**

The Ministry of Forests District and Region boundaries were captured at 1:250 000 and have an accuracy of +/- 400 metres or more. This file was obtained from the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks ftp site.

## **ATTRIBUTE TABLES**

The summary measurements produced by the *Watersheds BC: Watershed Ranking and Assessment Product* will be in a tabular format (.dbf). For each watershed group (of which there are 246 covering BC) the results will be broken down into 10 categories and 2 subcategories for each. These are listed and described below:

<i>Basic Information</i>	Basic geographic information related to the watershed (see section 3.1 for details on attributes).
<i>Roads</i>	Attributes related to road information from the TRIM Base: TRIM Roads and Streams 1:20 000 scale mapping (see section 3.2 for details on attributes).
<i>1:50 000 Rivers</i>	Attributes related to the blue-line streams from the Watershed Atlas: 1:50 000 scale mapping (see section 3.3 for details on attributes).
<i>Fish</i>	Attributes related to fish from BC Fisheries <i>Fish Information Summary System</i> (see section 3.4 for details on attributes).
<i>1:20 000 Rivers</i>	Attributes related to streams from the TRIM Base: TRIM Roads and Streams 1:20 000 scale mapping (see section 3.5 for details on attributes).
<i>Riparian</i>	Attributes related to riparian zones on streams from TRIM Base: TRIM Roads and Streams 1:20 000 scale mapping (see section 3.6 for details on attributes).
<i>Forest Land Use</i>	Attributes related to forest type land use from the Baseline Thematic Mapping (see section 3.7 for details on attributes).
<i>Non-Forest Land Use</i>	Attributes related to non-forest types of land use from the Baseline Thematic Mapping (see section 3.8 for details on attributes).
<i>Ecology</i>	Attributes related to ecological classifications (see section 3.9 for details on attributes).
<i>Terrain</i>	Attributes related to topography (see section 3.10 for details on attributes).

***Basic Information***

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>gis_tag</b>	Unique GIS identifier	Watershed GIS tag identification code. Unique identifier for polygons. Exists for all watersheds whereas the watershed code may not.	character		Watershed Atlas
<b>code</b>	Watershed Code	1:50 000 scale Watershed Atlas hierarchical watershed code (45 digit number).	integer		Watershed Atlas
<b>code_short</b>	Shortened Watershed Code	Shortened version of the Watershed Atlas code. Unnecessary groups of zeroes are removed.	character		Watershed Atlas

<b>name</b>	Watershed name	Watershed name (where it is known).	character		Watershed Atlas
<b>albers_n</b>	Albers Northing	Albers Northing coordinate of watershed centroid.	m	0	Watershed Atlas
<b>albers_e</b>	Albers Easting	Albers Easting coordinate of watershed centroid.	m	0	Watershed Atlas
<b>latitude</b>	Latitude of centroid	Latitude coordinate of watershed centroid.	decimal degrees	5	Watershed Atlas
<b>longitude</b>	Longitude of centroid	Longitude coordinate of watershed centroid.	decimal degrees	5	Watershed Atlas
<b>trim_year</b>	Year of TRIM air photography	Year of the air photography that was the source for the TRIM base map compilation. If the TRIM mapping coverage for a watershed is of different vintages then the date chosen is that of the majority coverage.	year		Watershed Atlas TRIM Vintage
<b>trim_month</b>	Month of TRIM air photography	Month of the air photography that was the source for the TRIM base map compilation. If the TRIM mapping coverage for a watershed is of different vintages then the date chosen is that of the majority coverage.	month		Watershed Atlas TRIM Vintage
<b>btm_year</b>	Year of BTM Land Use satellite imagery	Year of the satellite imagery that was the source for the BTM Land Use map compilation. If the BTM Land Use mapping coverage for a watershed is of different vintages then the date chosen is that of the majority coverage.	year		Watershed Atlas BTM Vintage
<b>btm_month</b>	Month of BTM Land Use satellite imagery	Month of the satellite imagery that was the source for the BTM Land Use map compilation. If the BTM Land Use mapping coverage for a watershed is of different vintages then the date chosen is that of the majority coverage.	month		Watershed Atlas BTM Vintage
<b>btm_day</b>	Day of BTM Land Use satellite imagery	Day of the satellite imagery that was the source for the BTM Land Use map compilation. If the BTM Land Use mapping coverage for a watershed is of different vintages then the date chosen is that of the majority coverage.	day		Watershed Atlas BTM Vintage
<b>mof_dis</b>	Ministry of Forests District	Ministry of Forests District name.	character		Watershed Atlas MELP's ftp site: MOF region and district boundaries
<b>mof_reg</b>	Ministry of Forests Region	Ministry of Forests Region name.	character		Watershed Atlas MELP's ftp site: MOF

					region and district boundaries
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## Roads

### Absolute Attributes for Roads

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
road_k	Total 3D road length	Total 3D road length in the watershed (from TRIM base maps: 1:20 000 scale mapping).	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams
road_f_k	3D road length on forest land	3D road length on forest land in the watershed. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
road_lo_k	3D road length at <300 m elevation	3D road length under 300 metres elevation.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
road_m_k	3D road length at 300-800 m elevation	3D road length between 300 and 800 metres elevation.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
road_hi_k	3D road length at >800 m elevation	3D road length over 800 metres elevation.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
road_50_k	3D road length on a gradient >50 %	3D road length on a gradient greater than 50%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
road_60_k	3D road length on a gradient >60 %	3D road length on a gradient greater than 60%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

<b>road_70_k</b>	3D road length on a gradient >70 %	3D road length on a gradient greater than 70%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd</b>	Total # road-stream crossings	Total number of road-stream crossings in a watershed. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_rd_f</b>	# Road-stream crossings on forest land	Number of road-stream crossings on forest land in a watershed. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_rd_50</b>	# Road-stream crossings on a gradient >50%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 50%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd_60</b>	# Road-stream crossings on a gradient >60%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 60%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd_70</b>	# Road-stream crossings on a gradient >70%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 70%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rf_50</b>	# Road-stream crossings on forest land on a gradient >50%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 50% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rf_60</b>	# Road-stream crossings on forest land on a gradient >60%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 60% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest,	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

		Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).			
<b>str_rf_70</b>	# Road-stream crossings on forest land on a gradient >70%	Number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 70% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	integer	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

### Density Attributes for Roads

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>road_d</b>	Total 3D road length density	Total 3D road length density in the watershed. Derived by dividing the total 3D road length by the land area of the watershed.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>road_f_d</b>	3D road length density on forest land	3D road length density on forest land in the watershed. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This value is derived by dividing the 3D road length on forest land by the forest land area.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>road_lo_d</b>	3D road length density at <300 m elevation	3D road length density under 300 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the 3D road length under 300 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>road_m_d</b>	3D road length density at 300-800 m elevation	3D road length density between 300 and 800 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the 3D road length between 300 and 800 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

<b>road_hi_d</b>	3D road length density at >800 m elevation	3D road length density over 800 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the 3D road length over 800 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>road_50_d</b>	3D road length density on a gradient >50%	3D road length density on a gradient greater than 50%. Derived by dividing the 3D road length on a gradient greater than 50% by the land area of the watershed.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>road_60_d</b>	3D road length density on a gradient >60%	3D road length density on a gradient greater than 60%. Derived by dividing the 3D road length on a gradient greater than 60% by the land area of the watershed.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>road_70_d</b>	3D road length density on a gradient >70%	3D road length density on a gradient greater than 70%. Derived by dividing the 3D road length on a gradient greater than 70% by the land area of the watershed.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd_d</b>	Total road-stream crossing density	Total density of road-stream crossings in a watershed. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Derived by dividing the total number of road-stream crossings by the watershed land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_rd_f_d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on forest land	Density of road-stream crossings on forest land in a watershed. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). Derived by dividing the number of road-stream crossings on forest land by the watershed forest land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_rd_50d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient >50%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 50%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Derived by dividing the number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 50% by the watershed land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd_60d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient >60%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 60%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

		Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Derived by dividing the number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 60% by the watershed land area.			TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rd_70d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient >70%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 70%. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Derived by dividing the number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 70% by the watershed land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rf_50d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on forest land on a gradient >50%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 50% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). Derived by dividing the forest land number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 50% by the watershed forest land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rf_60d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on forest land on a gradient >60%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 60% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). Derived by dividing the forest land number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 60% by the watershed forest land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_rf_70d</b>	Road-stream crossing density on forest land on a gradient >70%	Road-stream crossing density on a gradient greater than 70% on forest land. Road-stream crossings include bridge crossings. Bridge-stream crossings are only counted once per stream. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). Derived by dividing the forest land number of road-stream crossings on a gradient greater than 70% by the watershed forest land area.	# / ha	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

**1:50 000 Rivers**

Absolute Attributes for 1:50 000 Rivers

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>bl_str_k</b>	Blueline surface water stream length	Blueline surface water stream length in a watershed (from NTS 1:50 000 scale mapping). This length is used for attributes pertaining to the mainstem and headwater streams. This length does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. This length is determined from the arc feature codes in the Watershed Atlas.	km	3	Watershed Atlas
<b>bl_route_k</b>	Blueline route length for Macro-reaches and FISS	Blueline route length used to build the Macro-reaches and FISS (from NTS 1:50 000 scale mapping). This length is used to calculate percentages for attributes using Macro-reaches and FISS. This length includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. The length is determined from the arc feature codes in the Watershed Atlas.	km	3	Watershed Atlas
<b>bl_lakes_k</b>	Blueline waterbody length	Blueline waterbody length in a watershed (from NTS 1:50 000 scale mapping). This length includes lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies that are connected to the stream network and that are isolated (not connected by the stream network). The length is determined from the arc feature codes in the Watershed Atlas.	km	3	Watershed Atlas
<b>bl_str_f_k</b>	Blueline surface water stream length on forest land	Blueline surface water stream length on forest land. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This length does not	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

		include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies.			
<b>mainstem_k</b>	Blueline mainstem length	Length of the watershed's blueline mainstem. The mainstem is defined as the length of stream in a watershed that has the simplest watershed code. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas
<b>main_log_k</b>	Blueline mainstem length logged	Length of the watershed's blueline mainstem that is logged and selectively logged to the bank. The mainstem is defined as the length of stream in a watershed that has the simplest watershed code. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>main_for_k</b>	Blueline mainstem length on forest land	Length of the watershed's blueline mainstem on forest land. The mainstem is defined as the length of stream in a watershed that has the simplest watershed code. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>hw_k</b>	Blueline headwater stream length	Blueline headwater stream length in a watershed. Headwater streams are defined as first order streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>hw_log_k</b>	Blueline headwater stream length logged	Blueline headwater stream length that is logged or selectively logged to the bank. Headwater streams are defined as first order streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>hw_for_k</b>	Blueline headwater stream length on forest land	Blueline headwater stream length on forest land in a watershed. Headwater streams are defined as first order	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

		streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This length is calculated from the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).			TRIM DEM
<b>bl_0_2_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient 0-2%	Blueline stream length on a gradient between 0 and 2%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_2_8_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient 2-8%	Blueline stream length on a gradient between 2 and 8%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_8_12_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient 8-12%	Blueline stream length on a gradient between 8 and 12%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_12_16_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient 12-16%	Blueline stream length on a gradient between 12 and 16%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_16_20_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient 16-20%	Blueline stream length on a gradient between 16 and 20%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_20_up_k</b>	Blueline stream length on gradient >20%	Blueline stream length on a gradient greater than 20%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>blI_0_2k</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient 0-2%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 0 and 2%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use

		BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.			
<b>bll_2_8k</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient 2-8%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 2 and 8%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bll_8_12k</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient 8-12%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 8 and 12%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bll_12_16k</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient 12-16%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 12 and 16%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bll_16_20k</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient 16-20%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 16 and 20%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bll_20_upk</b>	Blueline stream length logged on gradient >20%	Blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient greater than 20%. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use

Density Attributes for 1:50 000 Rivers

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>bl_str_d</b>	Blueline surface water stream length density	Blueline surface water stream length density in a watershed (from NTS 1:50 000 scale mapping). This density does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Derived by dividing the blueline surface water stream length by the watershed land area.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas
<b>bl_str_p</b>	% Blueline surface water stream length	Percentage of blueline surface water stream length in a watershed (from NTS 1:50 000 scale mapping). This percentage does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Derived by dividing the blueline surface water stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas
<b>bl_str_f_p</b>	% Blueline surface water stream length on forest land	Percentage of blueline surface water stream length on forest land. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the blueline surface water stream length on forest land by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>main_log_p</b>	% Blueline mainstem length logged	Percentage of the watershed blueline mainstem length that is logged and selectively logged to the bank. The mainstem is defined as the length of stream in a watershed that has the simplest watershed code. This percentage uses the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the mainstem length logged by the mainstem length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>main_for_p</b>	% Blueline mainstem length on forest land	Percentage of the watershed blueline mainstem length on forest land. The mainstem is defined as the length of stream in a watershed that has the simplest watershed code. This percentage uses the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Forest land is	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

		comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the mainstem length on forest land by the total length of the mainstem.			
<b>hw_p</b>	% Blueline headwater stream length	Percentage of blueline headwater stream length. Headwater streams are defined as first order streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage uses the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the headwater stream length by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>hw_log_p</b>	% Blueline headwater stream length logged	Percentage of blueline headwater stream length that is logged or selectively logged to the bank. Headwater streams are defined as first order streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage uses the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged headwater stream length by the headwater stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>hw_for_p</b>	% Blueline headwater stream length on forest land.	Percentage of blueline headwater stream length on forest land. Headwater streams are defined as first order streams on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage uses the blueline surface water stream length and does not include the length of lakes, wetlands or man-made waterbodies. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the headwater stream length on forest land by the headwater stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>bl_0_2_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient 0-2%	Percentage of blueline stream length on a gradient between 0 and 2%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length between gradients of 0 and 2% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach

<b>bl_2_8_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient 2-8%	Percentage of blueline stream length on a gradient between 2 and 8%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length between gradients of 2 and 8% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_8_12_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient 8-12%	Percentage of blueline stream length on a gradient between 8 and 12%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length between gradients of 8 and 12% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_12_16_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient 12-16%	Percentage of blueline stream length on a gradient between 12 and 16%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length between gradients of 12 and 16% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_16_20_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient 16-20%	Percentage of blueline stream length in a watershed that are on a gradient between 16 and 20%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length between gradients of 16 and 20% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_20_up_p</b>	% Blueline stream length on gradient >20%	Percentage of blueline stream length in a watershed that are on a gradient greater than 20%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the stream length with a gradient of greater than 20% by the blueline surface water stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach
<b>bl_0_2p</b>	% Blueline stream length logged on gradient 0-2%	Percentage of blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 0 and 2%. This percentage uses the blueline	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use

		route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blue-line stream length between gradients of 0 and 2% by the blue-line stream length between gradients of 0 and 2%.			
<b>bII_2_8p</b>	% Blue-line stream length logged on gradient 2-8%	Percentage of blue-line stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 2 and 8%. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blue-line stream length between gradients of 2 and 8% by the blue-line stream length between gradients of 2 and 8%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bII_8_12p</b>	% Blue-line stream length logged on gradient 8-12%	Percentage of blue-line stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 8 and 12%. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blue-line stream length between gradients of 8 and 12% by the blue-line stream length between gradients of 8 and 12%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bII_12_16p</b>	% Blue-line stream length logged on gradient 12-16%	Percentage of blue-line stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 12 and 16%. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blue-line stream length between gradients of 12 and 16% by the blue-line stream length between gradients of 12 and 16%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use

<b>bll_16_20p</b>	% Blueline stream length logged on gradient 16-20%	Percentage of blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient between 16 and 20%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blueline stream length between gradients of 16 and 20% by the blueline stream length between gradients of 16 and 20%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use
<b>bll_20_upp</b>	% Blueline stream length logged on gradient >20%	Percentage of blueline stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank that are on a gradient greater than 20%. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody such as a lake, wide river or estuary, in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale) will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged blueline stream length on a gradient greater than 20% by the blueline stream length on a gradient greater than 20%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Macro-Reach BTM Land Use

## Fish

### Absolute Attributes for Fish

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>salmon_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known salmon presence	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known presence of Salmon. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System

		This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.			
<b>salm_log_k</b>	Blueline stream length logged with known salmon presence	Blueline stream length with known Salmon presence that has been logged and selectively logged to the bank. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>salm_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length with known Salmon presence on forest land. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sport_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known presence of Sport fish. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>sprt_log_k</b>	Blueline stream length logged with known sport fish presence	Blueline stream length with known Sport fish presence that has been logged and selectively logged to the bank. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).			
<b>sport_pts</b>	# Known location sites for sport fish	Number of location points representing known observation points of sport fish. These points may be located at a particular site or at the mouth of a channel where it is known that a particular species exists but its distribution zone is not known.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>other_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known 'other' fish presence	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known presence of 'other' fish. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>other_pts</b>	# Known location sites for 'other' fish	Number of location points representing known observation points of 'other' fish. These points may be located at a particular site or at the mouth of a channel where it is known that a particular species exists but its distribution zone is not known.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>ch_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence	Blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>cm_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence	Blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>co_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence	Blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>pk_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence	Blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>sk_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence	Blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information

	presence	length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.			Summary System
<b>st_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence	Blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>bt_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence	Blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>ch_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

<b>pk_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>st_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence on forest land. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>bt_for_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on forest land	Blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on forest land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>ch_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with	Blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon	km	3	Watershed Atlas

	known chinook salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.			Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>pk_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>st_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This length is calculated from the blueline	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.			
<b>bt_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_urb_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>ch_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland . This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on agricultural land/ rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

<b>pk_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on agricultural land/ rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>st_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence on agricultural land/ rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>bt_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on agricultural land/ rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_agr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on agricultural land/ rangeland	Blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This length is calculated from the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>salm_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known salmon	km	3	Watershed Atlas

	known salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a salmon presence.			Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known sport fish presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a sport fish presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>ch_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known chinook salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a chinook salmon presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known chum salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a chum salmon presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known coho salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a coho salmon presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>pk_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known pink salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a pink salmon presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known	km	3	Watershed Atlas

	known sockeye salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	sockeye salmon presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a sockeye salmon presence.			Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>st_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known steelhead presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a steelhead presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>bt_watr_k</b>	Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh or salt water.	Blueline stream length in a watershed with known bull trout presence intersecting with BTM Land Use fresh water (WFRE) or salt water (WSAL). This length represents the length of waterbodies (lakes, man-made waterbodies, wide rivers) from the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), that have a bull trout presence.	km	3	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

Density Attributes for Fish

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>salmon_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known salmon presence	Percentage of the blueline stream length in a watershed with known presence of Salmon. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the salmon bearing stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>salm_log_p</b>	% Blueline stream length logged with known salmon presence	Percentage of the blueline stream length with known Salmon presence that has been logged and selectively logged to the bank. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This percentage uses the blueline route length and	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged salmon bearing stream length by the salmon bearing stream length of the watershed.			
<b>salm_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length with known Salmon presence on forest land. Included in the salmon category are chinook, chum, coho, pink, sockeye and kokanee salmon. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the salmon bearing stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sport_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence	Percentage of the blueline stream length in a watershed with known presence of Sport fish. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the sport fish bearing stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>sprt_log_p</b>	% Blueline stream length logged with known sport fish presence	Percentage of the blueline stream length with known Sport fish presence that has been logged and selectively logged to the bank. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged sport fish stream length by the sport fish stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the sport fish stream length on forest land by the blue-line route length of the watershed.			
<b>other_p</b>	% Blue-line stream length with known 'other' fish presence	Percentage of the blue-line stream length in a watershed with known presence of 'Other' fish. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the 'other' fish bearing stream length by the blue-line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>ch_p</b>	% Blue-line stream length with known chinook salmon presence	Percentage of blue-line stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the chinook stream length by the blue-line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>cm_p</b>	% Blue-line stream length with known chum salmon presence	Percentage of blue-line stream length that has a known chum salmon presence. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the chum stream length by the blue-line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>co_p</b>	% Blue-line stream length with known coho salmon presence	Percentage of blue-line stream length that has a known coho salmon presence. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the coho stream length by the blue-line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>pk_p</b>	% Blue-line stream length with known pink salmon presence	Percentage of blue-line stream length that has a known pink salmon presence. This percentage uses the blue-line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the pink stream length by the blue-line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System

<b>sk_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the sockeye stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>st_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the steelhead stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>bt_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. This percentage is derived by dividing the bull trout stream length by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System
<b>ch_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the chinook stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest,	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the chum stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.			
<b>pk_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the pink stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the sockeye stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the coho stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

<b>st_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence on forest land. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the steelhead stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>bt_for_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on forest land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on forest land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the bull trout stream length on forest land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>ch_urb_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the chinook stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>cm_urb_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the chum stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blue line route length of the watershed.			
<b>co_urb_p</b>	% Blue line stream length with known coho salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blue line stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blue line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the coho stream length on urban and mixed and agricultural and residential land by the blue line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>pk_urb_p</b>	% Blue line stream length with known pink salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blue line stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blue line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the pink stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blue line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_urb_p</b>	% Blue line stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blue line stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blue line route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the sockeye stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blue line route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>st_urb_p</b>	% Blue line stream length with known steelhead presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blue line stream length that has a known steelhead presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

		hatcheries. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the steelhead stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blueline route length of the watershed.			
<b>bt_urb_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the bull trout stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_urb_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on urban and agricultural/ residential land	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the sport fish stream length on urban and mixed agricultural and residential land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>ch_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chinook salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chinook salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the chinook stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

<b>cm_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known chum salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known chum salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the chum stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>co_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known coho salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known coho salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the coho stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>pk_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known pink salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known pink salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody - such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the pink stream length on agricultural land and rangeland land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sk_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sockeye salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sockeye salmon presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody -such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the sockeye stream length on agricultural land and rangeland land by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

<b>st_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known steelhead presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known steelhead presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This category of steelhead also includes resident steelhead and upstream stocked steelhead from hatcheries. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody - such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the steelhead stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>bt_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known bull trout presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known bull trout presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody - such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the bull trout stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use
<b>sprt_agr_p</b>	% Blueline stream length with known sport fish presence on agricultural land/rangeland	Percentage of blueline stream length that has a known sport fish presence on agricultural land/rangeland. This percentage uses the blueline route length and includes the length of lakes, wetlands and man-made waterbodies. However, any lengths that intersect with a waterbody - such as a lake or wide river- in the BTM Land Use (1:250 000 scale), will be excluded. This percentage is derived by dividing the sport fish stream length on agricultural land and rangeland by the blueline route length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Fish Information Summary System BTM Land Use

**1:20 000 Rivers**

Absolute Attributes for 1:20 000 Rivers

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>stream_k</b>	Total 3D stream length	Total 3D stream length in a watershed (from TRIM 1:20 000 scale mapping). This length does not include any waterbodies.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_log_k</b>	3D stream length logged	3D stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_for_k</b>	3D stream length on forest land	3D stream length on forest land. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_50_k</b>	3D stream length on a gradient >50%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 50%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_60_k</b>	3D stream length on a gradient >60%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 60%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_70_k</b>	3D stream length on a gradient >70%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 70%.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_50_k</b>	3D stream length logged on a gradient >50%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 50% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_60_k</b>	3D stream length logged on a gradient >60%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 60% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_70_k</b>	3D stream length logged on a gradient >70%	3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 70% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

<b>str_f_50_k</b>	3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >50%	3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 50%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_f_60_k</b>	3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >60%	3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 60%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_f_70_k</b>	3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >70%	3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 70%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned).	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

Density Attributes for 1:20 000 Rivers

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>stream_d</b>	Total 3D stream length density	Total 3D stream length density in a watershed. This density is derived by dividing the total 3D stream length by the watershed land area.	km/km2	2	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams BTM Land Use
<b>str_log_p</b>	% 3D stream length logged	Percentage of 3D stream length logged and selectively logged to the bank in a watershed. Derived by dividing the 3D stream length logged by the total 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_for_p</b>	% 3D stream length on forest land	Percentage of 3D stream length on forest land. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length on forest land by the total 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>str_50_p</b>	% 3D stream length on a gradient >50%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 50%. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 50% by	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

		the total 3D stream length of the watershed.			
<b>str_60_p</b>	% 3D stream length on a gradient >60%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 60% by the total 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_70_p</b>	% 3D stream length on a gradient >70%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 70%. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 70% by the total 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_50_p</b>	% 3D stream length logged on a gradient >50%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 50% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length logged on a gradient greater than 50% by the 3D stream length on a gradient of greater than 50%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_60_p</b>	% 3D stream length logged on a gradient >60%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 60% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length logged on a gradient greater than 60% by the 3D stream length on a gradient of greater than 60%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_l_70_p</b>	% 3D stream length logged on a gradient >70%	Percentage of 3D stream length located on a gradient greater than 70% that is logged and selectively logged to the bank. This percentage is derived by dividing the 3D stream length logged on a gradient greater than 70% by the 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 70%.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_f_50_p</b>	% 3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >50%	Percentage of 3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 50%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the forest land 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 50% by the forest land 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM
<b>str_f_60_p</b>	% 3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >60%	Percentage of 3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 60%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the forest land 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 60% by	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

		the forest land 3D stream length of the watershed.			
<b>str_f_70_p</b>	% 3D stream length on forest land on a gradient >70%	Percentage of 3D stream length on forest land located on a gradient greater than 70%. Forest land is comprised of 5 BTM Land Use classes (Old Forest, Young Forest, Recently Logged, Selectively Logged, and Recently Burned). This percentage is derived by dividing the forest land 3D stream length on a gradient greater than 70% by the forest land 3D stream length of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams TRIM DEM

### Riparian

#### Absolute Attributes for Riparian

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>str100_ha</b>	Land area within 100 m of stream	Land area within 100 metres of each stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams BTM Land Use
<b>str30_ha</b>	Land area within 30 m of stream	Land area within 30 metres of each stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams BTM Land Use
<b>road_b_k</b>	3D road length within 100 m of stream	3D road length within 100 metres of each stream.	km	3	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>road_fb_k</b>	3D road length on forest land within 100 m of stream	3D road length on forest land within 100 metres of each stream.	km	3	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>urb_s_ha</b>	Urban area within 30 m of stream	Urban land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>agmx_s_ha</b>	Agricultural/Residential	Mixed Agricultural and Residential land area within 30	ha	0	Watershed Atlas

	area within 30 m of stream	metres of a stream.			BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>agr_s_ha</b>	Agricultural area within 30 m of stream	Agricultural land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>rang_s_ha</b>	Rangeland area within 30 m of stream	Rangeland area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>fo_s_ha</b>	Old Forest area within 30 m of stream	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>fy_s_ha</b>	Young Forest area within 30 m of stream	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>log_s_ha</b>	Recently Logged area within 30 m of stream	Recently Logged area within 30 metres of a stream. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>logs_s_ha</b>	Selectively Logged area within 30 m of stream	Selectively Logged area within 30 metres of a stream. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>burn_s_ha</b>	Recently Burned area within 30 m of stream	Recently Burned area within 30 metres of a stream. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>forl_s_ha</b>	Forest land area within 30 m of stream	Forest land area within 30 metres of a stream. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs) ; Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>wet_s_ha</b>	Wetland area within 30 m of stream	Wetland area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>shrb_s_ha</b>	Shrub Growth area within 30 m of stream	Shrub Growth area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>bare_s_ha</b>	Barren Surface area within	Barren Surface area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas

	30 m of stream				BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>ava_s_ha</b>	Avalanche Chute area within 30 m of stream	Avalanche Chute area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>alp_s_ha</b>	Alpine area within 30 m of stream	Alpine land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>ice_s_ha</b>	Glacier and Snow Covered area within 30 m of stream	Glacier and Snow Covered land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>est_s_ha</b>	Estuaries area within 30 m of stream	Estuaries area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>rec_s_ha</b>	Recreational area within 30 m of stream	Recreational land area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>mine_s_ha</b>	Mining area within 30 m of stream	Mining area within 30 metres of a stream.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams

### Density Attributes for Riparian

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>str100_p</b>	% Land area within 100 m of stream	Percentage of land area within 100 metres of each stream. Derived by dividing the land area within 100 metres of each stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams BTM Land Use
<b>str30_p</b>	% Land area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of land area within 30 metres of each stream. Derived by dividing the land area within 30 metres of each stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM Roads & Streams BTM Land Use

<b>road_b_d</b>	3D road length density within 100 m of stream	3D road length density within 100 metres of each stream. Derived by dividing the 3D road length within 100 metres of each stream by the land area of the watershed.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>road_fb_d</b>	3D road length density on forest land within 100 m of stream	3D road length density on forest land within 100 metres of each stream. Derived by dividing the forest land 3D road length within 100 metres of each stream by the watershed forest land area.	km/km <sup>2</sup>	2	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>urb_s_p</b>	% Urban area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Urban land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the urban area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>agmx_s_p</b>	% Agricultural/Residential area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Mixed Agricultural and Residential land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the mixed agricultural and residential area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>agr_s_p</b>	% Agricultural area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Agricultural land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the agricultural area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>rang_s_p</b>	% Rangeland area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Rangeland area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the rangeland area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>fo_s_p</b>	% Old Forest area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Old Forest (>140yrs) land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>fy_s_p</b>	% Young Forest area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Young Forest (<140yrs) land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>log_s_p</b>	% Recently Logged area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Recently Logged area within 30 metres of a stream. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams

		recently logged area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.			
<b>logs_s_p</b>	% Selectively Logged area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Selectively Logged area within 30 metres of a stream. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>burn_s_p</b>	% Recently Burned area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Recently Burned area within 30 metres of a stream. Recently logged is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area within 30 metres of a stream by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>forl_s_p</b>	% Total Forest Land area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Total Forest Land area within 30 metres of a stream. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the forest land area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>wet_s_p</b>	% Wetland area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Wetland area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the wetland area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>shrb_s_p</b>	% Shrub Growth area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Shrub Growth area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the shrub growth area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>bare_s_p</b>	% Barren Surface area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Barren Surface area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the barren surface area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>ava_s_p</b>	% Avalanche Chute area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Avalanche Chute area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the avalanche chute area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams

<b>alp_s_p</b>	% Alpine area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Alpine land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the alpine area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>ice_s_p</b>	% Glacier and Snow Covered area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Glacier and Snow Covered land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the glacier and snow covered area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>est_s_p</b>	% Estuaries area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Estuaries area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the estuaries area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>rec_s_p</b>	% Recreational area within 30 m of stream	Percentage of Recreational land area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the recreational area within 30 metres of a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams
<b>mine_s_p</b>	% Mining area within 30 metres of stream	Percentage of Mining area within 30 metres of a stream. This percentage is derived by dividing the mining area within 30 metres within a stream by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM Roads & Streams

### **Forest Land Use**

#### Absolute Attributes for Forest Land Use

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>logged_ha</b>	Total logged area	Total land area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years in a watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>log_lo_ha</b>	Logged area at <300 m	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the	ha	0	Watershed Atlas

	elevation	last 20 years under 300 metres elevation.			BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_m_ha</b>	Logged area at 300-800 m elevation	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years between 300 and 800 metres elevation.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_hi_ha</b>	Logged area at >800 m elevation	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years over 800 metres elevation.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_50_ha</b>	Logged area on a gradient >50%	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years on a gradient greater than 50%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>log_60_ha</b>	Logged area on a gradient >60%	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years on a gradient greater than 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_70_ha</b>	Logged area on a gradient >70%	Area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years on a gradient greater than 70%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_ha</b>	Old Forest area	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>fo_0_8</b>	Old Forest area on a gradient 0-8%	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_8_30</b>	Old Forest area on a gradient 8-30%	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_30_60</b>	Old Forest area on a gradient 30-60%	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_60_up</b>	Old Forest area on a gradient >60%	Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient greater than 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_ha</b>	Young Forest area	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

<b>fy_0_8</b>	Young Forest area on a gradient 0-8%	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_8_30</b>	Young Forest area on a gradient 8-30%	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_30_60</b>	Young Forest area on a gradient 30-60%	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_60_up</b>	Young Forest area on a gradient >60%	Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient greater than 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_ha</b>	Recently Logged area	Recently Logged area of the watershed. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>log_0_8</b>	Recently Logged area on a gradient 0-8%	Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_8_30</b>	Recently Logged area on a gradient 8-30%	Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_30_60</b>	Recently Logged area on a gradient 30-60%	Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_60_up</b>	Recently Logged area on a gradient >60%	Recently Logged area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs_ha</b>	Selectively Logged area	Selectively Logged area of the watershed. Selective logging is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

<b>logs_0_8</b>	Selectively Logged area on a gradient 0-8%	Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Selective logging is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs_8_30</b>	Selectively Logged area on a gradient 8-30%	Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Selective logging is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs_30_60</b>	Selectively Logged area on a gradient 30-60%	Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Selective logging is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs_60_up</b>	Selectively Logged area on a gradient >60%	Selectively Logged area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Selective logging is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn_ha</b>	Recently Burned area	Recently Burned area of the watershed. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>burn_0_8</b>	Recently Burned area on a gradient 0-8%	Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn_8_30</b>	Recently Burned area on a gradient 8-30%	Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn_30_60</b>	Recently Burned area on a gradient 30-60%	Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn_60_up</b>	Recently Burned area on a gradient >60%	Recently Burned area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

<b>forl_ha</b>	Total forest land area	Total forest land area of the watershed. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>forl_0_8</b>	Total forest land area on a gradient 0-8%	Total forest land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl_8_30</b>	Total forest land area on a gradient 8-30%	Total forest land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl_30_60</b>	Total forest land area on a gradient 30-60%	Total forest land area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl_60_up</b>	Total forest land area on a gradient >60%	Total forest land area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

### Density Attributes for Forest Land Use

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>logged_p</b>	% Total logged area	Percentage of watershed land area logged or selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years. This percentage is derived by dividing the total logged area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>log_lo_p</b>	% Logged area at <300 m elevation	Percentage of land area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years under 300 metres elevation. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area under 300 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

<b>log_m_p</b>	% Logged area at 300-800 m elevation	Percentage of land area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years between 300 and 800 metres elevation. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area between 300 and 800 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_hi_p</b>	% Logged area at >800 m elevation	Percentage of land area logged and selectively logged in approximately the last 20 years over 800 metres elevation. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area over 800 metres elevation by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_50_p</b>	% Logged area on a gradient >50%	Percentage of logged and selectively logged area on a gradient greater than 50%. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area on a gradient greater than 50% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_60_p</b>	% Logged area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of logged and selectively logged area on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area on a gradient greater than 60% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_70_p</b>	% Logged area on a gradient >70%	Percentage of logged and selectively logged area on a gradient greater than 70%. This percentage is derived by dividing the logged area on a gradient greater than 70% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_p</b>	% Old Forest area	Percentage of Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>fo_0_8_p</b>	% Old Forest area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total old forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_8_30_p</b>	% Old Forest area on a gradient 8-30%	Percentage of Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area on a gradient between 8 and 30% by the total old forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_30_60_p</b>	% Old Forest area on a	Percentage of Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on	%	1	Watershed Atlas

	gradient 30-60%	a gradient between 30 and 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area on a gradient between 30 and 60% by the total old forest land area of the watershed.			BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fo_60_up_p</b>	% Old Forest area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Old Forest (>140 yrs) land area located on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the old forest area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total old forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_p</b>	% Young Forest area	Percentage of Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area of a watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>fy_0_8_p</b>	% Young Forest area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total young forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_8_30_p</b>	% Young Forest area on a gradient 8-30%	Percentage of Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area on a gradient between 8 and 30% by the total young forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_30_60_p</b>	% Young Forest area on a gradient 30-60%	Percentage of Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area on a gradient between 30 and 60% by the total young forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>fy_60_up_p</b>	% Young Forest area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Young Forest (<140 yrs) land area located on a gradient greater than 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the young forest area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total young forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_p</b>	% Recently Logged area	Percentage of Recently Logged area of the watershed. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently logged area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

<b>log_0_8p</b>	% Recently Logged area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently logged area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total recently logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_8_30p</b>	% Recently Logged area on a gradient 8-30%	Percentage of Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently logged area on a gradient between 8 and 30% by the total recently logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_30_60p</b>	% Recently Logged area on a gradient 30-60%	Percentage of Recently Logged area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently logged area on a gradient between 30 and 60% by the total recently logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>log_60_upp</b>	% Recently Logged area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Recently Logged area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Recently logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently logged area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total recently logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs_p</b>	% Selectively Logged area	Percentage of Selectively Logged area of the watershed. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>logs0_8p</b>	% Selectively Logged area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total selectively logged area of	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

		the watershed.			
<b>logs8_30p</b>	% Selectively Logged area on a gradient 8-30%	Percentage of Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area on a gradient between 8 and 30% by the total selectively logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs30_60p</b>	% Selectively Logged area on a gradient 30-60%	Percentage of Selectively Logged area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area on a gradient between 30 and 60% by the total selectively logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>logs60_upp</b>	% Selectively Logged area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Selectively Logged area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Selectively logged is defined as logging in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the selectively logged area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total selectively logged area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn_p</b>	% Recently Burned area	Percentage of Recently Burned area of the watershed. Recently burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>burn0_8p</b>	% Recently Burned area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Recently Burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total recently burned area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn8_30p</b>	% Recently Burned area on a gradients 8-30%	Percentage of Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Recently Burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area on a gradient between 8 and	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

		30% by the total recently burned area of the watershed.			
<b>burn30_60p</b>	% Recently Burned area on a gradient 30-60%	Percentage of Recently Burned area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Recently Burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area on a gradient between 30 and 60% by the total recently burned area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>burn60_upp</b>	% Recently Burned area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Recently Burned area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Recently Burned is defined as burns in approximately the last 20 years previous to the BTM Land Use Vintage. This percentage is derived by dividing the recently burned area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total recently burned area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl_p</b>	% Total forest land area	Percentage of Total forest land area of the watershed. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the total forest land area by the total land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>forl0_8p</b>	% Total forest land area on a gradient 0-8%	Percentage of Total forest land area located on a gradient between 0 and 8%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the total forest land area on a gradient between 0 and 8% by the total forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl8_30p</b>	% Total forest land area on a gradient 8-30%	Percentage of Total forest land area located on a gradient between 8 and 30%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the total forest land area on a gradient between 8 and 30% by the total forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>forl30_60p</b>	% Total forest land area on a gradient 30-60%	Percentage of Total forest land area located on a gradient between 30 and 60%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the total forest land area on a gradient	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

		between 30 and 60% by the total forest land area of the watershed.			
<b>forl60_upp</b>	% Total forest land area on a gradient >60%	Percentage of Total forest land area located on a gradient greater than 60%. Includes Old Forest (>140 yrs); Young Forest (<140 yrs); Recently Logged; Selectively Logged and Recently Burned. This percentage is derived by dividing the total forest land area on a gradient greater than 60% by the total forest land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

### Non-Forest Land Use

#### Absolute Attributes for Non-Forest Land Use

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>comm_ws_ha</b>	Community Watershed area	Community Watershed area in the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas MELP's ftp site: Community Watersheds
<b>crown_ha</b>	Crown area	Crown area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas CDMS
<b>private_ha</b>	Private area	Private area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas CDMS
<b>urb_ha</b>	Urban area	Urban land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>agmx_ha</b>	Agricultural/Residential area	Mixed Agricultural and Residential land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>agra_ha</b>	Agricultural area	Agricultural land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>rang_ha</b>	Rangeland area	Rangeland area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas

					BTM Land Use
<b>wet_ha</b>	Wetland area	Wetland area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>shrb_ha</b>	Shrub Growth area	Shrub Growth area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>bare_ha</b>	Barren Surface area	Barren Surface area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>ava_ha</b>	Avalanche Chute area	Avalanche Chute area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>alp_ha</b>	Alpine area	Alpine land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>ice_ha</b>	Glacier and Snow Covered area	Glacier and Snow Covered land area of the watershed	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>est_ha</b>	Estuaries area	Estuaries area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>wfre_ha</b>	Fresh Water area	Fresh Water area of the watershed. Fresh water includes waterbodies greater than >25 hectares.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>wsal_ha</b>	Salt Water area	Salt Water area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>rec_ha</b>	Recreational area	Recreational land area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>mine_ha</b>	Mining area	Mining area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>mine_count</b>	# Mines	Number of mines over 10 000 tons per annum production in a watershed.	integer	0	Watershed Atlas MinFile

Density Attributes for Non-Forest Land Use

Attribute	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
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Label					
<b>comm_ws_p</b>	% Community Watershed area	Percentage of the total watershed area that is in a Community Watershed. This area includes surface water. This percentage is derived by dividing the Community Watershed area in the watershed by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas MELP's ftp site: Community Watersheds
<b>crown_p</b>	% Crown land area	Percentage of Crown area in the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the crown area by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas CDMS BTM Land Use
<b>private_p</b>	% Private land area	Percentage of Private area in the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the private area by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas CDMS BTM Land Use
<b>urb_p</b>	% Urban area	Percentage of Urban land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the urban land area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>agmx_p</b>	% Agricultural/ Residential area	Percentage of Mixed Agricultural and Residential land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the mixed agricultural and residential land area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>agra_p</b>	% Agricultural area	Percentage of Agricultural land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the agricultural land area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>rang_p</b>	% Rangeland area	Percentage of Rangeland area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the rangeland area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>wet_p</b>	% Wetland area	Percentage of Wetland area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the wetland area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>shrb_p</b>	% Shrub Growth area	Percentage of Shrub Growth area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the shrub growth area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>bare_p</b>	% Barren Surface area	Percentage of Barren Surface area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the barren surface area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

<b>ava_p</b>	% Avalanche Chute area	Percentage of Avalanche Chute area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the avalanche chute area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>alp_p</b>	% Alpine area	Percentage of Alpine land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the alpine area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>ice_p</b>	% Glacier and Snow Covered area	Percentage of Glacier and Snow Covered land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the glacier and snow covered area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>est_p</b>	% Estuaries area	Percentage of Estuaries area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the estuaries area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>wfre_p</b>	% Fresh Water area	Percentage of Fresh Water area of the total watershed. Fresh water includes waterbodies greater than >25 hectares. This percentage is derived by dividing the fresh water area by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>wsal_p</b>	% Salt Water area	Percentage of Salt Water area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the salt water area by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>rec_p</b>	% Recreational area	Percentage of Recreational land area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the recreational area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>mine_p</b>	% Mining area	Percentage of Mining area of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the mining area by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

### Ecology

#### Absolute Attributes for Ecology

Attribute	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
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Label					
<b>ecosectn</b>	Ecosection name	Primary ecosection name. Primary is defined as the ecosection occupying the majority of the watershed area.	character		Watershed Atlas MELP's Wildlife ftp site: BC Environment Ecoregion Ecosystem Classification Units
<b>ecosect_ha</b>	Ecosection area	Area of the ecosection which is occupying the watershed. This area is not the total area of the ecosection.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas MELP's Wildlife ftp site: BC Environment Ecoregion Ecosystem Classification Units
<b>bec_name</b>	Biogeoclimatic zone name	Primary biogeoclimatic zone name. Primary is defined as the biogeoclimatic zone occupying the majority of the watershed area.	character		Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>cdf_ha</b>	Coastal Douglas-Fir zone area	Coastal Douglas-Fir zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>cwh_ha</b>	Coastal Western Hemlock zone area	Coastal Western Hemlock zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>mh_ha</b>	Mountain Hemlock zone area	Mountain Hemlock zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>bg_ha</b>	Bunch Grass zone area	Bunch Grass zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>pp_ha</b>	Ponderosa Pine zone area	Ponderosa Pine zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>idf_ha</b>	Interior Douglas-Fir zone area	Interior Douglas-Fir zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>ich_ha</b>	Interior Cedar-Hemlock zone area	Interior Cedar-Hemlock zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>ms_ha</b>	Montane Spruce zone area	Montane Spruce zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>essf_ha</b>	Engelmann Spruce - Subalpine Fir zone area	Engelmann Spruce - Subalpine Fir zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones

<b>sbs_ha</b>	Sub-Boreal Spruce zone area	Sub-Boreal Spruce zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>sbps_ha</b>	Sub-Boreal Pine Spruce zone area	Sub-Boreal Pine Spruce zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>bbws_ha</b>	Boreal Black and White Spruce zone area	Boreal Black and White Spruce zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>swb_ha</b>	Sub-Boreal White Birch zone area	Sub-Boreal White Birch zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>at_ha</b>	Alpine Tundra zone area	Alpine Tundra zone area of the watershed.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones

### Density Attributes for Ecology

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>ecosectn_p</b>	% Ecosection	Percentage of the ecosection which occupies the majority of the watershed. This percentage is derived by dividing the ecosection area by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas MELP's Wildlife ftp site: BC Environment Ecoregion Ecosystem Classification Units
<b>cdf_p</b>	% Coastal Douglas-Fir zone area	Coastal Douglas-Fir zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>cwh_p</b>	% Coastal Western Hemlock zone area	Coastal Western Hemlock zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>mh_p</b>	% Mountain Hemlock zone area	Mountain Hemlock zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>bg_p</b>	% Bunch Grass zone area	Bunch Grass zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>pp_p</b>	% Ponderosa Pine zone area	Ponderosa Pine zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones

<b>idf_p</b>	% Interior Douglas-Fir zone area	Interior Douglas-Fir zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>ich_p</b>	% Interior Cedar-Hemlock zone area	Interior Cedar-Hemlock zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>ms_p</b>	% Montane Spruce zone area	Montane Spruce zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>essf_p</b>	% Engelmann Spruce - Subalpine Fir zone area	Engelmann Spruce - Subalpine Fir zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>sbs_p</b>	% Sub-Boreal Spruce zone area	Sub-Boreal Spruce zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>sbps_p</b>	% Sub-Boreal Pine Spruce zone area	Sub-Boreal Pine Spruce zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>bbws_p</b>	% Boreal Black and White Spruce zone area	Boreal Black and White Spruce zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>swb_p</b>	% Sub-Boreal White Birch zone area	Sub-Boreal White Birch zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones
<b>at_p</b>	% Alpine Tundra zone area	Alpine Tundra zone area as a percentage of the total watershed area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas Biogeoclimatic Zones

## **Terrain**

### Absolute Attributes for Terrain

<b>Attribute Label</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Decimals</b>	<b>Coverages Used</b>
<b>perimeter</b>	Watershed perimeter	Perimeter of the watershed.	m	0	Watershed Atlas
<b>area_ha</b>	Total watershed area	Total watershed area including the area of waterbodies.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas

<b>land_area</b>	Land area	Land area is the watershed's total area without the area covered by surface water. Surface water includes salt water (WSAL) and fresh water (WFRE) as defined by the BTM Land Use classification; which includes lakes, water bodies or reservoirs >25 hectares. This value is derived by subtracting the amount of surface salt water area and the amount of surface fresh water area from the total watershed area. This variable is used to calculate most (but not all) densities and percentages.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>land_lo</b>	Land area at <300 m elevation	Land area below 300 metres elevation.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>land_m</b>	Land area at 300-800 m elevation	Land area between 300 and 800 metres elevation.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>land_hi</b>	Land area at >800 m elevation	Land area above 800 metres elevation.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>ele_min</b>	Lowest elevation point	Lowest elevation point in a watershed.	m	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>ele_max</b>	Highest elevation point	Highest elevation point in a watershed.	m	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>ele_mean</b>	Mean elevation point	Mean elevation point in a watershed.	m	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>ele_sd</b>	Standard deviation for mean elevation point	Standard deviation for the mean elevation point in a watershed.	m	0	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM
<b>gr_0_2</b>	Land area with gradient 0-2%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 0 and 2%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_3_8</b>	Land area with gradient 3-8%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 3 and 8%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_9_15</b>	Land area with gradient 9-15%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 9 and 15%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

					TRIM DEM
<b>gr_16_30</b>	Land area with gradient 16-30%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 16 and 30%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_31_50</b>	Land area with gradient 31-50%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 31 and 50%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_51_60</b>	Land area with gradient 51-60%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a slope between 51 and 60%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_61_70</b>	Land area with gradient 61-70%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 61 and 70%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_71_up</b>	Land area with gradient >70%	Land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient greater than 70%.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>north</b>	Northern aspect area	Northern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 337.6 and 22.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>noreast</b>	Northeastern aspect area	Northeastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 22.6 and 67.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>east</b>	Eastern aspect area	Eastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 67.6 and 112.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>soueast</b>	Southeastern aspect area	Southeastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 112.6 and 157.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>south</b>	Southern aspect area	Southern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 157.6 and 202.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>souwest</b>	Southwestern aspect area	Southwestern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 202.6 and 247.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use

					TRIM DEM
<b>west</b>	Western aspect area	Western aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 247.6 and 292.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>norwest</b>	Northwestern aspect area	Northwestern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 292.6 and 337.5 degrees.	ha	0	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

### Density Attributes for Terrain

Attribute Label	Attribute Name	Description	Units	Decimals	Coverages Used
<b>land_p</b>	% Land area	Percentage of land area is the watershed's total area without the area covered by surface water. Surface water includes salt water (WSAL) and fresh water (WFRE) as defined by the BTM Land Use classification; which includes lakes; water bodies or reservoirs >25 hectares. This value is derived by subtracting the amount of surface salt water area and the amount of surface fresh water area from the total watershed area. This variable is used to calculate most (but not all) densities and percentages. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area of the watershed by the total area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use
<b>land_lo_p</b>	% Land area at <300 m elevation	Percentage of land area below 300 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the land area below 300 metres elevation by the watershed land area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>land_m_p</b>	% Land area at 300-800 m elevation	Percentage of land area between 300 and 800 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the land area between 300 and 800 metres elevation by the watershed land area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use
<b>land_hi_p</b>	% Land area at >800 m elevation	Percentage of land area above 800 metres elevation. Derived by dividing the land area above 800 metres elevation by the watershed land area.	%	1	Watershed Atlas TRIM DEM BTM Land Use

<b>gr_0_2_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 0-2%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 0 and 2%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 0 and 2% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_3_8_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 3-8%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 3 and 8%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 3 and 8% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_9_15_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 9-15%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 9 and 15%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 9 and 15% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_16_30_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 16-30%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 16 and 30%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 16 and 30% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_31_50_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 31-50%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 31 and 50%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 31 and 50% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_51_60_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 51-60%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 51 and 60%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 51 and 60% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_61_70_p</b>	% Land area with gradient 61-70%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient between 61 and 70%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient between 61 and 70% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>gr_71_up_p</b>	% Land area with gradient >70%	Percentage of land area in a watershed that is located on a gradient greater than 70%. This percentage is derived by dividing the land area on a gradient greater than 70% by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>north_p</b>	% Northern aspect area	Percentage of northern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 337.6 and 22.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the northern aspect land area with an azimuth between 337.6	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

		and 22.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.			
<b>noreast_p</b>	% Northeastern aspect area	Percentage of northeastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 22.6 and 67.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the northeastern aspect land area with an azimuth between 22.6 and 67.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>east_p</b>	% Eastern aspect area	Percentage of eastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 67.6 and 112.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the eastern aspect land area with an azimuth between 67.6 and 112.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>soueast_p</b>	% Southeastern aspect area	Percentage of southeastern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 112.6 and 157.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the southeastern aspect land area with an azimuth between 112.6 and 157.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>south_p</b>	% Southern aspect area	Percentage of southern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 157.6 and 202.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the southern aspect land area with an azimuth between 157.6 and 202.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>souwest_p</b>	% Southwestern aspect area	Percentage of southwestern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 202.6 and 247.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the southwestern aspect land area with an azimuth between 202.6 and 247.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>west_p</b>	% Western aspect area	Percentage of western aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 247.6 and 292.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by dividing the western aspect land area with an azimuth between 247.6 and 292.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM
<b>norwest_p</b>	% Northwestern aspect area	Percentage of northwestern aspect land area on a gradient greater than 2% with an azimuth between 292.6 and 337.5 degrees. This percentage is derived by	%	1	Watershed Atlas BTM Land Use TRIM DEM

		dividing the northwestern aspect land area with an azimuth between 292.6 and 337.5 degrees by the land area of the watershed.			
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